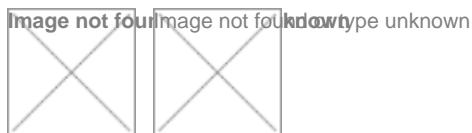


Altered redox signaling contributes to CCM pathogenesis



A recent research work published in **Scientific Reports** [1] and supported by the **Telethon Foundation** [2] demonstrate that altered redox signaling is a major contributor to increased endothelial permeability in experimental models of CCM disease, thus confirming and extending previous reports suggesting that oxidative stress plays an important role in CCM pathogenesis and severity.



Sci Rep. 2017 Aug 15;7(1):8296.

Up-regulation of NADPH oxidase-mediated redox signaling contributes to the loss of barrier function in KRIT1 deficient endothelium.

Goitre L, DiStefano PV, Moglia A, Nobiletti N, Baldini E, Trabalzini L, Keubel J, Trapani E, Shubaev VV, Muzykantov VR, Sarelius IH, Retta SF & Glading AJ.

Abstract [3]

Full article [4] (PDF [5])

Recent related articles:

Int J Biochem Cell Biol. 2016 Dec;81(Pt B):254-270.

Oxidative stress and inflammation in cerebral cavernous malformation disease pathogenesis: Two sides of the same coin [6].

Retta SF, Glading AJ.

Rare Dis. 2016 Jan 25;4(1):e1142640.

Beyond multiple mechanisms and a unique drug: Defective autophagy as pivotal player in cerebral cavernous malformation pathogenesis and implications for targeted therapies [7].

Marchi S, Trapani E, Corricelli M, Goitre L, Pinton P, Retta SF.

Autophagy. 2016;12(2):424-5.

Cellular processes underlying cerebral cavernous malformations: Autophagy as another point of view [8].

Marchi S, Retta SF, Pinton P.

Free Radic Biol Med. 2016 Mar;92:100-9.

Cytochrome P450 and matrix metalloproteinase genetic modifiers of disease severity in Cerebral Cavernous Malformation type 1 [9].

Choquet H, Trapani E, Goitre L, Trabalzini L, Akers A, Fontanella M, Hart BL, Morrison LA, Pawlikowska L, Kim H, Retta SF.

EMBO Mol Med. 2015 Nov;7(11):1403-17.

Defective autophagy is a key feature of cerebral cavernous malformations [10].

Marchi S, Corricelli M, Trapani E, Bravi L, Pittaro A, Delle Monache S, Ferroni L, Paterniani S, Missiroli S, Goitre L, Trabalzini L, Rimessi A, Giorgi C, Zavan B, Cassoni P, Dejana E, Retta SF, Pinton P.

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Cerebral cavernous malformation (CCM) disease: from monogenic forms to genetic susceptibility factors [11].

Trapani E, Retta SF.

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Strategy for identifying repurposed drugs for the treatment of cerebral cavernous malformation [12].

Gibson CC, Zhu W, Davis CT, Bowman-Kirigin JA, Chan AC, Ling J, Walker AE, Goitre L, Delle Monache S, Retta SF, Shiu YT, Grossmann AH, Thomas KR, Donato AJ, Lesniewski LA, Whitehead KJ, Li DY.

Free Radic Biol Med. 2014 Mar;68:134-47.

KRIT1 loss of function causes a ROS-dependent upregulation of c-Jun [13].

Goitre L, De Luca E, Braggion S, Trapani E, Guglielmo M, Biasi F, Forni M, Moglia A, Trabalzini L, Retta SF.

Lingua

Italiano

Source URL: <http://www.ccmitalia.unito.it/it/content/altered-redox-signaling-contributes-ccm-pathogenesis>

Links

- [1] <https://www.nature.com/srep/>
- [2] <http://www.telethon.it/en>
- [3] <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/28811547>
- [4] <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41598-017-08373-4>
- [5] <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41598-017-08373-4.pdf>
- [6] <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/27639680>
- [7] <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/27141412>
- [8] <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26902587>
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- [12] <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25486933>
- [13] <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24291398>